



Testing out NLP on the public Danish asylum database

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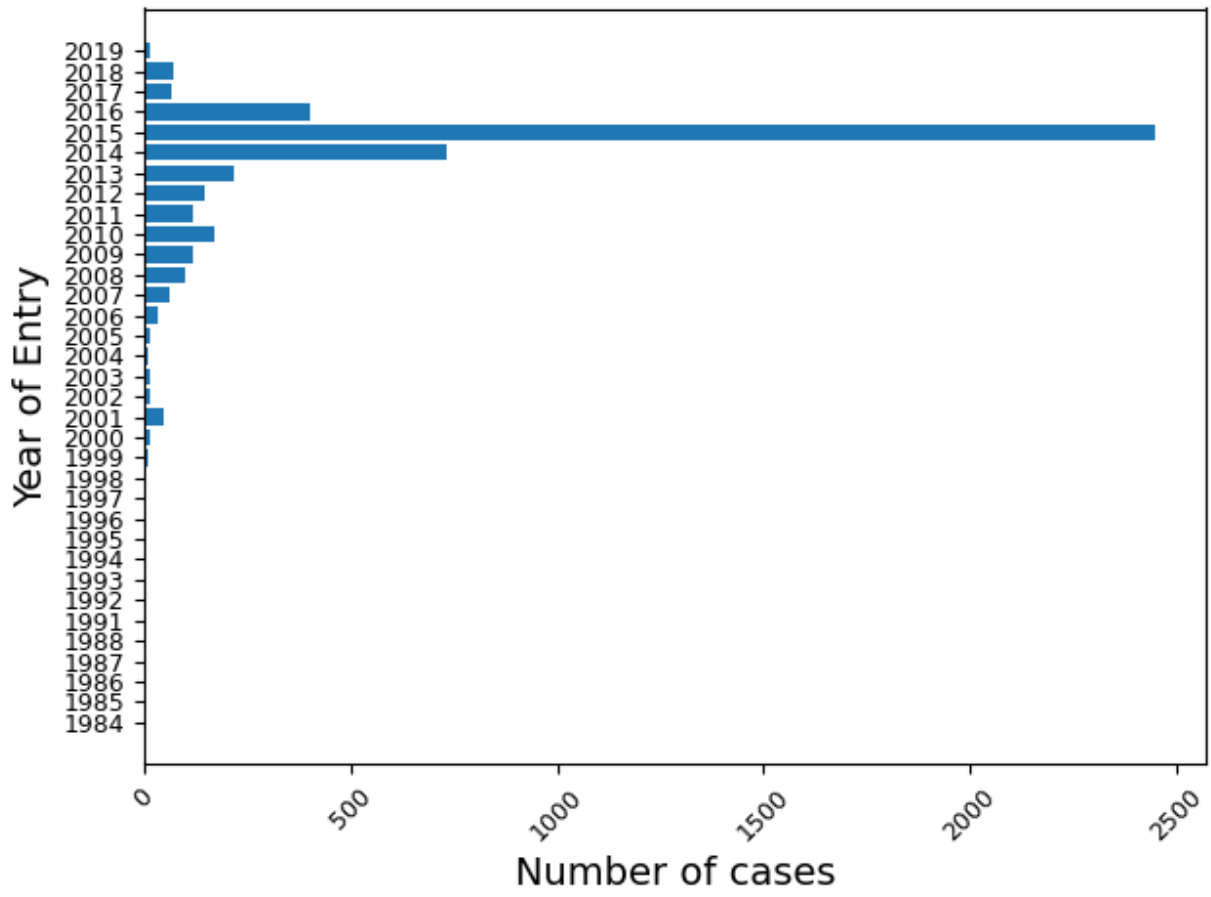
A first look into Danish asylum decisions has been possible through the publicly available decision summaries, found on the Refugee Appeals Board website: <https://fln.dk/da/Praksis>

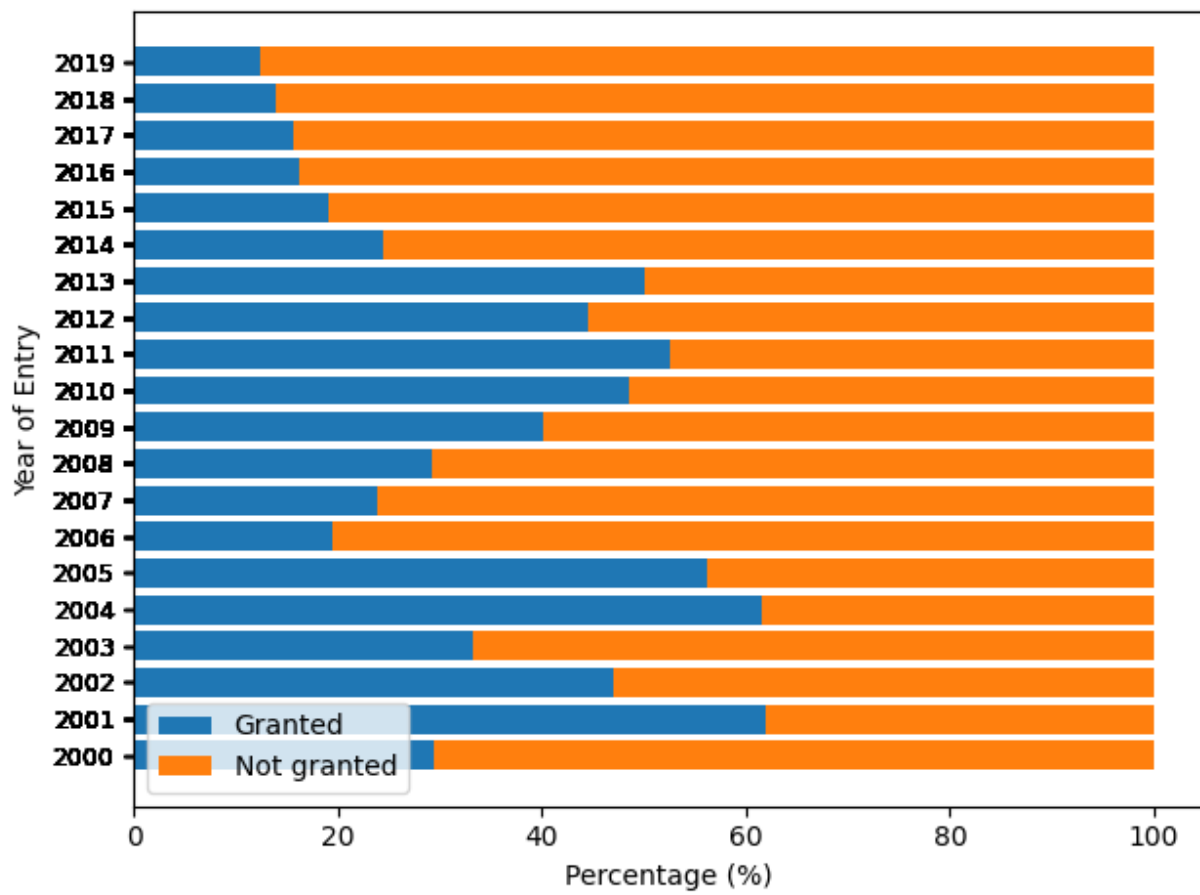
In the Danish asylum system an asylum case is first treated by the Danish Immigration Service. If the applicant is refused asylum, the case is automatically appealed to the Refugee Appeals Board, which may either uphold or overturn the initial decision.

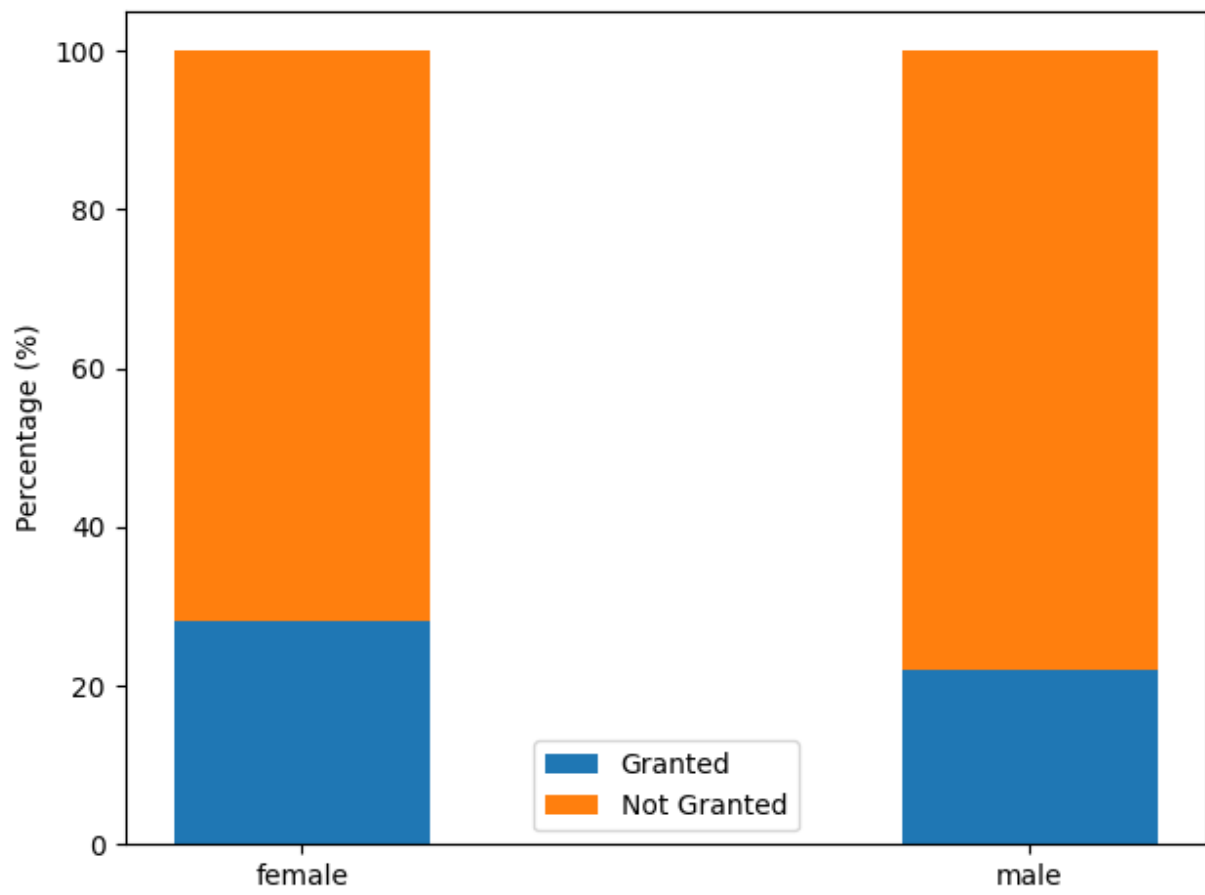
We scraped over 8000 decision summaries, containing a short description of each applicant's particular situation and a brief explanation on why the Refugee Appeals Board upheld or overturned the Immigration Service decision. Decisions on the website are categorised along three dimensions: the nationality of the applicant, the application type and the year of decision.

Using natural language processing techniques and regular expressions, we further extracted the gender, year of entry in denmark, religion, ethnicity, marital status and the board's decision for each applicant. The distribution of applications, as well as the recognition rates, are shown in the following figures.

Importantly, far from all cases from the Refugee Appeals Board are made available online and the percentage and types of cases vary from year to year. Hence, one should be careful to make strong inferences based on the below, since the data set is not representative of the overall caseload. But the data set has been useful in terms of training our capacity in terms of automatically extracting relevant information from the case files. You can see a few examples below:







Asylum Category

